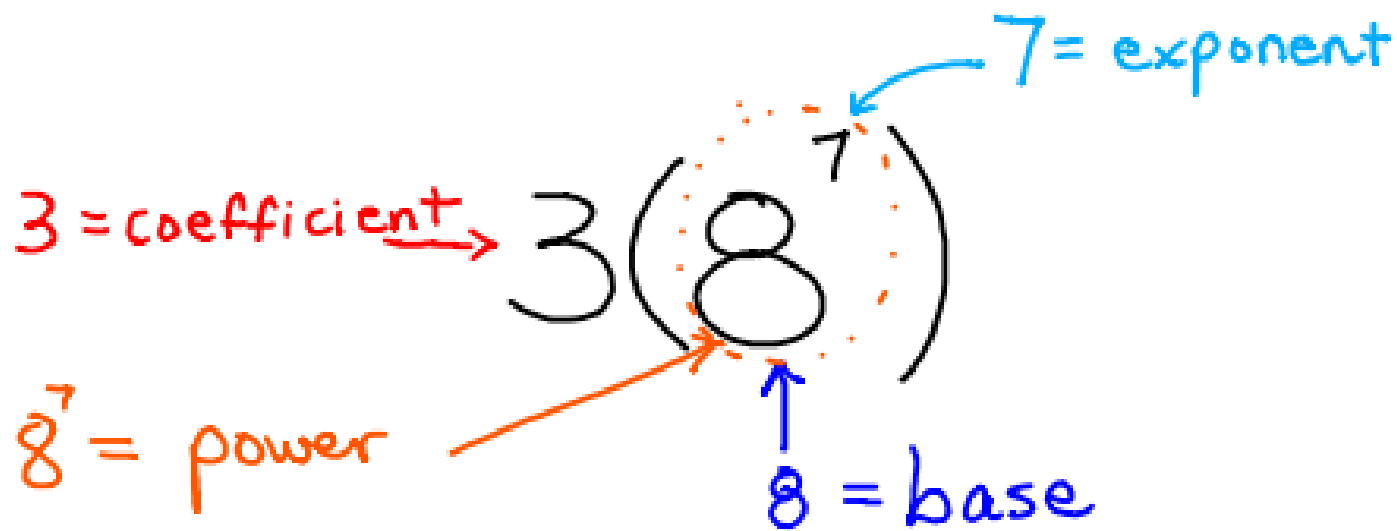


Math 9

Semester End Review

Exponents and Powers

Terminology



Expanding Powers

$$8^4 = 8 \times 8 \times 8 \times 8$$

$$(-5)^3 = (-5)(-5)(-5)$$

$$-7^2 = -1 \times 7 \times 7$$

Writing Powers

$$(5)(5)(5)(5)(5)(5) = 5^6$$

$$(-2)(-2)(-2)(-2) = (-2)^4$$

$$-1 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = -3^3$$

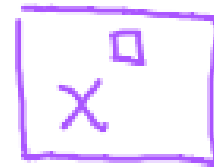
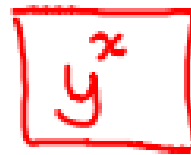
$$5 \times (-3)(-3)(-3)(-3)(-3) = 5(-3)^5$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3$$

$$\frac{2^3}{3^3}$$

Evaluating Powers

Power button



$$4^7 = 16384$$

$$(-4)^7 = -16384$$

$$(-4)^4 = 256$$

$$-4^4 = -256$$

$$-2(1)^{715} = -2$$

"1" to any power = 1

$$(-1)^{715} = -1$$

$$(-1)^{716} = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^6 = \frac{1^6}{3^6} = \frac{1}{729}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (0.3)^6 &= 7.29 \text{ E}^{-4} = 7.29 \times 10^{-4} \\ &= 0.000729 \end{aligned}$$

Exponent Laws

Products: $2^4 \times 2^6 = 2^{4+6} = 2^{10}$

Quotients: $\frac{3^{11}}{3^3} = 3^{11-3} = 3^8$

Power of powers: $(5^2)^4 = 5^{2 \times 4} = 5^8$

$$\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^x = \frac{2^x}{5^x}$$

$$(2 \times 5)^4 = 2^4 \times 5^4$$

$$8^0 = 1$$

Evaluating (Bedmas)

$$\frac{4^3 \times 4^{11}}{4^4} = \frac{4^{14}}{4^4} = 4^{10} = 1\,048\,576$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2(7^2) + (8^3)(-1)^4 \\ &= 2(49) + (512)(1) \\ &= 98 + 512 = 610 \end{aligned}$$