## Mathematics 9

Ch 5: In-class Review

## Terminology/Definitions - Matching

1. Algebra
2. Binomial
3. Degree of a polynomial
4. Degree of a term
5. Like terms
6. Monomial
7. Polynomial
8. Term
9. Trinomia
A. Terms that differ only by their numerical coefficient
B. The sum of the exponents on the variables in a term
C. 1 term
D. 2 terms
E. 3 terms
F. A branch of mathematics that uses symbols to represent unknown numbers or quantities.
G. The degree of the highest degree term in a polynomial
H. An algebraic expression made up of terms connected by the operations of addition or subtraction.
I. An expression formed from the product of numbers and/or variables.

For each of the following polynomials, simplify and write in descending degree (if necessary) and then classify and state the degree of the polynomial:
a) $4 x-5+6 x-x^{2}+1$
b) $-7 a b+4$
c) $9 a^{2}+3 a-7+4 a$
d) $6-5 n+7 m$
e) $-b^{2}$
f) 15

If the perimeter of this triangle is
$\mathbf{1 8} \mathbf{x}^{\mathbf{2}} \mathbf{- 2 x + 3}$, find the expression that represents the unknown side:

$10 x^{2}-15$

